UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE United States Patent and Trademark Office Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450 www.uspto.gov

APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/656,464	09/05/2003	Glen S. Axelrod	TFH047	8440
GROSSMAN, TUCKER, PERREAULT & PFLEGER, PLLC 55 SOUTH COMMERICAL STREET			EXAMINER	
			COLE, ELIZABETH M	
MANCHESTE	K, NH 03101		ART UNIT PAPER NUMBER	
			1794	
			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE
			12/03/2008	PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

		Application No.	Applicant(s)				
Office Asticus Occurrence		10/656,464	AXELROD, GLEN	AXELROD, GLEN S.			
Office Action	n Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
		Elizabeth M. Cole	1794				
The MAILING DAT Period for Reply	E of this communication app	pears on the cover sheet w	rith the correspondence a	ddress			
WHICHEVER IS LONGE - Extensions of time may be availater SIX (6) MONTHS from the - If NO period for reply is specified - Failure to reply within the set or	TORY PERIOD FOR REPL'ER, FROM THE MAILING Date under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.1 mailing date of this communication. If above, the maximum statutory period vextended period for reply will, by statute later than three months after the mailing See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUN 36(a). In no event, however, may a vill apply and will expire SIX (6) MO , cause the application to become A	ICATION. reply be timely filed NTHS from the mailing date of this of BANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status							
1) Responsive to com	nmunication(s) filed on <u>14 O</u>	ctober 2008					
2a) This action is FIN	· · · <u>—</u>	action is non-final.					
′ _	/ —		ters prosecution as to th	e merits is			
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.						
Disposition of Claims	·		,				
·	16 and 10-25 islare pending	in the application					
	Claim(s) <u>1-5,8-14,16 and 19-25</u> is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.						
		WIT HOTH CONSIDERATION.					
·= · · · 	5) Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) ⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-5, 8-14, 16, 19-25</u> is/are rejected.						
7) Claim(s) <u>1-5, 6-14</u> ,							
	e subject to restriction and/o	r election requirement					
0)[_] Claiiii(3) are	e subject to restriction and/o	r election requirement.					
Application Papers							
9)☐ The specification is	objected to by the Examine	r.					
10)☐ The drawing(s) filed	10)☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)☐ accepted or b)☐ objected to by the Examiner.						
Applicant may not re	quest that any objection to the	drawing(s) be held in abeya	nce. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).				
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).							
11)☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.							
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 1	19						
a) All b) Some 1. Certified cop 2. Certified cop 3. Copies of th application f	made of a claim for foreign controlled the priority document bies of the priority document bies of the priority document be certified copies of the prior from the International Bureau tailed Office action for a list	s have been received. s have been received in rity documents have beer u (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	Application No n received in this Nationa	l Stage			
Attachment(s) 1) Notice of References Cited (I 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Pate 3) Information Disclosure States Paper No(s)/Mail Date	ent Drawing Review (PTO-948) ment(s) (PTO/SB/08)	Paper No	Summary (PTO-413) (s)/Mail Date Informal Patent Application 				

Application/Control Number: 10/656,464 Page 2

Art Unit: 1794

A request for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, including the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e), was filed in this application after final rejection. Since this application is eligible for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, and the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e) has been timely paid, the finality of the previous Office action has been withdrawn pursuant to 37 CFR 1.114. Applicant's submission filed on 1014/08 has been entered.

- 1. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 1. Claims 1-5, 8-14, 16, 19-25 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Denesuk et al, U.S. Patent NO. 6,196,156 in view of Jordan, U.S. Patent No. 5,226,384, Sullivan, U.S. Patent No. 5,087,499 and Sabee, U.S. Patent No. 4,910,064. Denesuk et al discloses an article for use by pets comprising a core which may comprise foam or other types of fillers such as synthetic and natural fibers, (col. 10, lines 28-41)and a fabric cover. The fabric cover may comprise two different types of fabric and each type of fabric only partially covers the core. See col. 10, line 60 col. 11, line 7 and col. 11, lines 38-46 as well as example 4. Suitable fabrics include polyolefins, acetate, acrylic, nylons and polyesters. See col. 11, line 65 col. 12, line 4. The fabrics can be woven, non-woven or knitted. See col. 9, lines 31-43. Denesuk differs from the claimed invention because Denesuk does not teach that at least one of

Application/Control Number: 10/656,464

Art Unit: 1794

the fibers should be a high strength fiber. Jordan teaches that high strength fibers such as aramid fibers can be used in forming covers for articles used by pets. See abstract. Therefore, it would have been obvious to have employed high strength fibers for parts of the cover of Denesuk which would be most exposed to wear and tear, biting, chewing, etc., motivated by the expectation that this would enhance the durability of the bed. Jordan teaches employing high strength fibers but does not teach blending the fibers with other fibers. Sullivan teaches that is known in the art to blend high strength fibers with other fibers, such as cotton, silk, nylon, polyolefins, etc. See col. 3, lines 56-64. Therefore, it would have been obvious to have blended the high strength fibers of Jordan with other fibers as taught by Sullivan, in order to form yarns which had additional properties such as enhanced softness, absorbency, hydrophobicity, etc., depending on what the final properties desired in the fabric were. For example, silk and cotton fibers would have been known in the art to provide enhanced softness and absorbency to a fabric relative to using all aramid yarns. Polyolefin yarns would produce a more hydrophobic fabric. Also, considerations of economy would tend toward blending the fibers in order to arrive at a fabric having the desired properties at an economical cost. Jordan teaches employing multiple layers of high strength fibers for use in forming articles for use by pets. Neither Denesuk nor Jordan teach orienting the layers so that they have different axes of orientation relative to each other. Sabee teaches that in forming nonwoven fabrics that such fabrics can be formed to comprise multiple layers wherein each layer has an axis of orientation which is an angle to another layer's axis of orientation. See drawings as well as abstract. Sabee teaches

Page 3

Art Unit: 1794

that employing the different layers each with an axis of orientation where the axis is at an angle to other layers improves the drapability of the fabric while also producing a material of increased strength. See col. 7, line 25 - col. 9, line. Therefore, it would have been obvious to have oriented the nonwoven layers of Denesuk so that they had a different axis of orientation relative to each other as taught by Sabee, in order to produce a stronger and more drapable material.

2. Applicant's arguments have been fully considered but are moot in view of the new grounds of rejection.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Elizabeth M. Cole whose telephone number is (571) 272-1475. The examiner may be reached between 6:30 AM and 6:00 PM Monday through Wednesday, and 6:30 AM and 2 PM on Thursday.

The examiner's supervisor Rena Dye may be reached at (571) 272-3186.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

The fax number for all official faxes is (571) 273-8300.

/Elizabeth M. Cole/ Primary Examiner, Art Unit 1794